# Using Generative Al in Teaching and Learning at City a world café discussion

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## Aim of the session

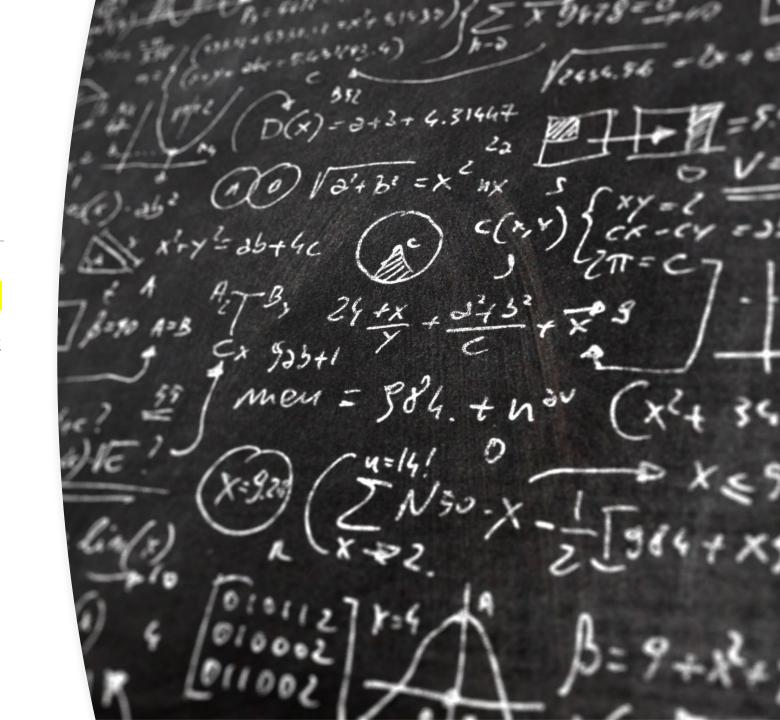
This session aims to give a clearer idea of the challenges and opportunities that Generative AI brings.

By the end of the session delegates will be able to:

- Critically evaluate the value, impact and use of Generative AI in higher education
- Review the challenges and opportunities that it presents for assessment in higher education
- Explore strategies and approaches for using it in our teaching

# Key features of Generative AI tools and the challenges and opportunities for HE

- LLMs such as ChatGPT are not "intelligent". They produce well-written text by predicting the next word, based on the task they have been given and available information sources.
- Trained on a large amount of data, this produces impressive results.
- Bing, Google Al-powered search engines.
   Microsoft is embedding Al ("Copilot") into Office.
- There are many other specialised Als (e.g. summarising and interrogating uploaded PDFs).



#### The Challenge: Designing Robust Assessments

- We cannot rely on detection to prevent AI use. AI detection tools are not accurate.
- Furthermore, we should not discourage students unnecessarily from using Al. Their future careers are likely to involve Al use.







This gives us three broad options...

#### **Assessment Options**

- 1. <u>Prevent</u> students accessing AI by using "live" assessments, e.g. exams, practicals, presentations (with Q&A), vivas.
- Make it <u>harder</u> to use AI ("outrunning")
  - Less description and summarising, more quantitative/analytic tasks, focused on appropriate use of technical concepts.
  - Analysis of information not available to Als, e.g. interpreting information given with the assessment, rather than publicly-available data and well-known case studies. Interpreting charts, pictures, or videos, rather than text or numbers.
- 3. <u>Embrace</u> Al: assessments which require using Al appropriately and with critical judgement, e.g. analysing Al-generated output ("what is wrong with this analysis?", "debug this code"). This could develop and test skills needed in future jobs.









#### A Spectrum of AI uses (acceptable to unacceptable!)

- Spell-check
- Grammar check
- Enhanced search capabilities
- "Assisted Writing": correcting style and tone
- Summarizing/interrogating unread sources
- Generating a first draft.
- Uncritical copying of AI output!

# World Café Topics (30 minutes) 3 X 10 mins

- What policies, strategies and approaches are we taking individually, as a department and institution towards the use of generative AI by students in assessment? (Simon)
- 2. Do we need a new AI literacy to help staff and students? What are the ethics of using AI? And do we understand or need to understand how they work?

  (Jane)
- How can we support staff and students to learn about Generative AI? What sort of guidance do we need? (Julie)







# Wrap-up from the world Café summary of the discussions (10 minutes)





## Student voice

#### Comments from City students

- "I am becoming concerned that others may have an unfair advantage by using AI, particularly as it develops more over time. I feel as though I'm already behind and that others have a head start because I choose to refrain from using AI as much as possible, especially during assessments."

  Law UG student
- "I think they're helpful when it comes to brainstorming ideas and potential topics but should not be used to write assignments or anything that is graded."
   SPGA PG student
- "I think it is nonsensical to prohibit use of it considering AI is the future, so I think City should be ahead of the curve and work quickly to make it part of the curriculum and help students use it effectively."
   Bayes UG student
- "As someone who is Neurodiverse, the support that AI can offer has been a revelation. Really levelling the playing field."
   LEaD PG student

# Examples of how students address AI on social media

Video 1

Video 2

Video 3

# Generative Al and policy at City

- Student guidance on academic misconduct and AI student hub
- Staff guidance / Generative Al Task and Finish Group
- Can policy regulate the use of technology?



### References

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# Other slides

# What Should We Teach?

- Many of our students are likely to need to use AI in their future careers. We should teach the analytic skills needed to critically interpret AI output.
- We already teach critical analysis skills appropriate to our subjects. But students might benefit from being taught how to use AI well:
  - Prompt Engineering (using AI effectively by giving clear instructions)
  - Computational thinking (concepts underlying machine learning & AI);
  - Ethical implications of AI;
  - Epistemology (how to assess good/bad sources, what constitutes a good argument or standard of proof).
  - Understanding potential biases in AI, and behavioural/psychological biases.
  - Build on existing "Critical Thinking" modules

## Al as a Teaching Aid

- Mollick and Mollick (2023) give strategies for using AI to help HE teaching (but they stress the need for the human instructor to check the AI output).
  - Produce Many Varied Examples
  - Provide Multiple Explanations
  - Generate Low-Stakes Tests
  - Evaluate Student Learning for the Instructor
  - Generate recall tests of prior material ("Distributed Practice") instead of students cramming for a single assessment.
- Khan Academy is embedding GPT-4 into its programmes to give individual AI-generated explanations to students as they work through problems. Other providers are moving into this space.

#### Other Ways Al Can Help Us

- Suggesting questions, aiding in producing materials (PPTs + videos). <u>But module leaders must maintain editorial control.</u>
- Testing assessment questions.
- Giving students hints on good writing style (especially important if we give students fewer essay-style courseworks).
- Monitoring student engagement and using Al-bots in "customer support" answering student queries.